

# Summing Dice - Solution

May 8, 2025

Recall that when you have two positive independent random variables  $X, Y$ , the distribution of their sum is given by convolution

$$P(X + Y = n) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} P(X = m)P(Y = n - m).$$

We can prove that this convolution operation is associative. From this it follows that addition modulo  $N$  also induces a convolution operation that is associative. Because convolution is an associative operation, we can use the fast exponentiation algorithm to calculate  $X$  convoluted with itself  $2^k$  times. This algorithm consists of doing  $k$  convolutions, each time “squaring” the distribution.  $\square$